DC Department of Corrections
Facts and Figures
October 2022
DOC FY 2023 Budget by Service

- Institutional Security and Control: 51.6%
- Inmate Health Services: 18.7%
- Security Enhancement: 0.2%
- Community Corrections: 1.3%
- AFO: 1.0%
- Executive Director and Support: 2.5%
- Human Resources Management: 1.4%
- Management Control: 1.3%
- Technology Support: 3.4%
- Agency Operations Support: 1.0%
- Facility Services: 5.7%
- Inmate Personal Services: 5.5%
- Inmate Adjustment and Development Support: 6.4%
The DC Department of Corrections includes inmate populations at the Central Detention Facility (CDF) and the Correctional Treatment Facility (CTF). The data includes a daily average of one (1) Short Term Sentenced Felons held for the Federal Bureau of Prisons and thirty-seven (37) inmates held for the US Marshall’s Service of Greenbelt MD.
The DC Department of Corrections includes inmate populations at the Central Detention Facility (CDF) and the Correctional Treatment Facility (CTF). The data depicted includes a daily average of thirty-one (31) inmates held for the US Marshall's Service of Greenbelt MD and zero Short Term Sentenced Felons held for the Federal Bureau of Prisons.
Average Daily Population by Sex and Facility for Fiscal Year 2022

- ADP CDF Men: 1017
- ADP CTF Men: 311
- ADP CTF Women: 59
- ADP Fairview Women: 1
Average Daily Population by Sex and Facility for Calendar Year 2022

CY 2022 Through 9/30/2022

- ADP CDF Men: 1013
- ADP CTF Men: 296
- ADP CTF Women: 61
- ADP Fairview Women: 1
Intakes and Releases by Fiscal Year

**FY 2022 Intakes by Type of Admission**

- In Transit - FBOP: 0.07%
- Federal Program Failure: 0.36%
- In Transit - D.C. Superior: 0.12%
- Writ Ad Pros: 0.41%
- Sentenced Drug Program: 0.51%
- Sentenced Weekender: 0.92%
- In Transit - USDC /...: 0.53%
- Awaiting St. E. Placement: 2.21%
- Pretrial Drug Program: 1.41%
- Sentenced Felon: 7.74%
- In Transit - U.S. District...: 4.56%
- Parole Violator: 12.67%
- Sentenced Misdemeanor: 13.32%
- Pretrial Fugitive: 17.62%
- Pretrial All Other Types: 36.69%

**FY 2022 Releases by Release Type**

- Cash Collateral: 0.28%
- Time Served or Suspended: 0.28%
- Other: 0.07%
- Extradition: 0.14%
- Court Ordered Release - St. Elizabeth: 0.97%
- Death: 0.19%
- Drug Program: 1.60%
- Cash Bond: 0.47%
- Release to USMS/Greenbelt: 1.58%
- Parole: 8.29%
- Court Ordered Release - Court: 8.40%
- Expiration: 15.37%
- Fugitive Waiver: 15.44%
- Release to US Marshal: 21.59%
- Court Ordered Release - CDF: 24.55%
### Admission Types for Q4 FY 2022 Women Intakes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Parole Violator</td>
<td>4.29%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sentenced Drug Program</td>
<td>0.54%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Writ Ad Pros</td>
<td>0.27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In Transit - USDC / Maryland</td>
<td>0.27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In Transit - U.S. District Court</td>
<td>1.07%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Awaiting St. E. Placement</td>
<td>5.90%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sentenced Weekender</td>
<td>3.75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sentenced Misdemeanor</td>
<td>19.30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pretrial Fugitive</td>
<td>20.91%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pretrial All Other Types</td>
<td>36.73%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Release Types for Q4 FY 2022 Women Releases

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Court Ordered Release - St. Elizabeth</td>
<td>0.30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Bond</td>
<td>2.08%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug Program</td>
<td>2.97%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Release to US Marshal</td>
<td>6.23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expiration</td>
<td>18.99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fugitive Waiver</td>
<td>19.29%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Court Ordered Release - CDF</td>
<td>20.18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Court Ordered Release - Court</td>
<td>29.38%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Intakes and Releases for Women by Calendar Year

Q3 CY22 Women Intake by Admission

- PRETRIAL WORK RELEASE: 0.32%
- SENTENCED DRUG PROGRAM: 0.65%
- RETURNING FELON: 0.32%
- WRIT AD PROS: 0.32%
- IN TRANSIT - USDC / MARYLAND: 0.32%
- WRIT AD TEST: 0.32%
- PRETRIAL DRUG PROGRAM: 3.24%
- SENTENCED FELON: 0.97%
- IN TRANSIT - U.S. DISTRICT COURT: 4.53%
- SENTENCED WEEKENDER: 6.15%
- AWAITING ST. E. PLACEMENT: 3.24%
- PAROLE VIOLATOR: 0.32%
- SENTENCED MISDEMEANOR: 0.32%
- PRETRIAL FUGITIVE: 0.32%
- PRETRIAL ALL OTHER TYPES: 0.65%

Q3 CY22 Women Released by Release Type

- CASH BOND: 0.34%
- DEATH: 0.34%
- OTHER: 0.67%
- TIME SERVED OR SUSPENDED: 0.67%
- PAROLE: 1.35%
- WEEKENDER EXPIRATION: 2.36%
- DRUG PROGRAM: 2.36%
- COURT ORDERED RELEASE - ST. ELIZABETH: 2.69%
- RELEASE TO US MARSHAL: 3.70%
- PAROLE EXPIRATION: 18.18%
- COURT ORDERED RELEASE - COURT: 18.86%
- FUGITIVE WAIVER: 21.21%
- COURT ORDERED RELEASE - CDF: 26.94%

PRETRIAL ALL OTHER TYPES: 35.92%
Intakes and Releases for Men by Calendar Year

Q3 CY22 Men Intakes by Admission

Q3 CY22 Men Released by Release Type
Spanish, Korean, Arabic, Urdu/Hindi, and French were the most frequently declared non-English primary languages among new intakes at DOC in Q4 FY 2022.

The majority of DOC residents, 91.09%, are English speakers; about 3.81% declare a non-English primary language and data is unavailable for the remaining intakes—primarily because they were released before the intake process was completed.
In Q4 FY 2022, the majority of DOC intakes were of Christian faiths (40.62%); 30.87% were of Islamic faiths; 4.33% were of other faiths; 4.33% were Jewish; and 16.28% had no faith declared.

Of those professing Christian faiths, the majority, 78.91%, claimed to be Christian; of those professing Islamic faiths, the majority, 80.27%, claimed to be Sunni Muslim.
DOC Residents in Custody by Race, Sex and Education

DOC residents are 90.4% Black; the District of Columbia (DC) population is 45.8% Black. Whites, Asians, and Hispanics who comprise 45.9%, 4%, and 11% of the DC Population are underrepresented. (DC Population data from www.census.gov.)

The majority of DOC’s inmates are men. Women comprise less than 6% of the population.

50.0% of women and 60.35% of men in custody have earned a high school diploma or GED. Nearly 14.29% of women and 3.92% of men say they have a college degree. Data were not available for about 14.29% of women and 10.5% of men.
About Men in Custody

Half of all men in custody were 18 to 32 years old. The average age of men in custody was 34 years.

About 57.4% men in custody were unemployed at the time of incarceration. About 35% were employed and another 2.4% were employed part time.

The majority of men in DOC custody claim District of Columbia or Maryland residency.
Length of Stay (LOS) for Men in Custody

About 34.38% of men in custody had stayed less than three months, while 30.78% had stayed more than a year. The median length of stay (LOS) for men in custody was 165 days. (Half the men in custody had been in custody less than 189 days.)

Over half of all men in custody (51.96%) had unresolved legal matters that were either felony charges (PF) or misdemeanor charges (PM). Those held for the USMS service (TR) were nearly 20% of those in custody and had stayed on average about a year and 5 months. About 6.83% of men were charged as parole violators (PV), about 12.82% were sentenced on felony charges (SF) and about 2% were Writs or Holds (WH). Writs and holds had the longest average length of stay (LOS) of 591 days (1.6 years).
19.06% of men in custody were USMS/USDC commitments with unspecified charges. Those charged with assault, aggravated assault, domestic violence; homicide, conspiracy, or kidnapping; carjacking or first degree burglary; weapons; parole or release violations; and property crimes accounted for the most serious offenses of 72% of men in custody. 48.7% of men in custody were charged with a violent or dangerous offense per DC Code 22 Section 4501.

Those charged as Homicide, Conspiracy, Kidnapping or Arson stayed the longest on average (over 1.88 years); followed by those charged with Writ (about 1.62 years) and USMS/USDC commitments at 1.43 years.
The majority of women in DOC custody claim District of Columbia or Maryland residency. About 66% of women in custody were unemployed at the time of incarceration. About 24% were employed and fewer than 1% were employed part time.

Half of all women in custody were 18 to 37.5 years old. The average age of women in custody was 38 years.

About 66% of women in custody were unemployed at the time of incarceration. About 24% were employed and fewer than 1% were employed part time.
Length of Stay (LOS) for Women in Custody

About 60.76% of women in custody had stayed less than three months. About 22.78% stayed between three months and one year while 16.46% stayed more than one year. The median length of stay (LOS) for women in custody was 164 days. (Half the women in custody had been in custody less than 164 days.)

About 48.39% of women in custody had unresolved charges that were either felonies (PF) or misdemeanors (PM). 24.19% of women in custody were held for the USMS (TR) and had stayed about a year and 4 months on average, the longest of all. Those charged as parole violators (PV) or sentenced on felony charges (SF) were each 6.45% of the women in custody. Sentenced misdemeanants (SM) made up the remaining 12.9% of women.
Women charged with assault, stalking, or domestic violence as the most serious offense were 49.37% of all women in custody. 16.46% of women in custody were USMS/USDC commitments with unspecified charges. Those charged with assault, domestic violence, homicide, conspiracy, or kidnapping; parole or release violations; and robbery, carjacking or first degree burglary accounted for the most serious offenses of 72.15% of women in custody. 59.49% of women in custody were charged with a violent or dangerous offense per DC Code 22 Section 4501.

Those who were USMS/USDC commitments stayed about 1 year and six months, followed by those charged with homicide, conspiracy or kidnapping stayed about 1 year 5 months, followed by robbery, carjacking or burglary for almost 11 months and Writs stayed for about 5 months. The remaining women were in custody less than 4 months on average. The average length of stay for women in custody was 191 days.
The average length of stay to release for men was 153.65 days. Half of men who were released stayed fewer than 31.81 days, the median length of stay to release.

Of men who were released, 66.34% were released to the community. Another 24.92% were removed by the USMS to Northern Neck, USMS to federal facilities, or USMS GB. 5.08% were removed by all other jurisdictions.

The average length of stay to release for men was 153.65 days. Half of men who were released stayed fewer than 31.81 days, the median length of stay to release.

Of men who were released, 66.34% were released to the community. Another 24.92% were removed by the USMS to Northern Neck, USMS to federal facilities, or USMS GB. 5.08% were removed by all other jurisdictions.
FY 2022 Releases by LOS for Women

The average length of stay to release was 67.04 days for women. Half of all women who were released stayed fewer than 15.15 days, the median length of stay.

81.92% of women were released to the community, another 4.11% were released to treatment programs. 6.3% were removed by USMS, USMS GB or to Northern Neck by the USMS. 4.93% were released to other jurisdictions.
The average length of stay to release for men was 132.98 days. Half of men who were released stayed fewer than 27.80 days, the median length of stay to release.

Of men who were released, 69.96% were released to the community. Another 21.16% were removed by the USMS to Norther Neck, USMS to federal facilities, or USMS GB. 6% percent were removed by all other jurisdictions.

Of men who were released, 69.96% were released to the community. Another 21.16% were removed by the USMS to Norther Neck, USMS to federal facilities, or USMS GB. 6% percent were removed by all other jurisdictions.
The average length of stay to release was 60.98 days for women. Half of all women who were released stayed fewer than 13.70 days, the median length of stay.

82.94% of women were released to the community, another 6.7% were released to St. Elizabeth’s Hospital or treatment programs. 4.35% were removed by USMS, USMS GB or to Northern Neck by the USMS. The remaining 5.69% were released to other jurisdictions.
Recidivism in the pre-COVID-19 era cannot be compared to that in current times because the composition of the DOC population and its length of stay have significantly changed. These reflect changes in practices across the criminal justice system that have been implemented in response to COVID-19.